



SAFETY DATA SHEET (Aerosol) 20 20 Clear

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name (Aerosol) 20 20 Clear
Product number A223-4

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Window glass cleaner.
Uses advised against For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the Identified uses above.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Autosmart International Ltd
 Lynn Lane,
 Shenstone, nr Lichfield
 Staffordshire. WS14 0DH
 England
 www.autosmartinternational.com
 Tel: +44 (0) 1543 481616 (09:00 - 17:00)
 Fax: +44 (0) 1543 481549 (09:00 - 17:00)
 info@autosmartinternational.com

Contact person Mr. Russell Butler

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Mob: +44 (0) 7808 971321 (24hrs)
 Tel: +44 (0) 1543 481616 (09:00 - 17:00)
 Fax: +44 (0) 1543 481549 (09:00 - 17:00)

If you urgently need medical help or advice but it's not a life-threatening situation, call 111 free from any phone to speak to an NHS adviser. The 24-hour NHS 111 service can give you healthcare advice or direct you to the local service that can help you best.

The NHS 111 service will also be available via the harmonised European number for medical advice 116 117

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

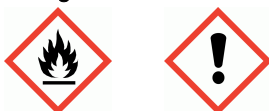
Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336
Environmental hazards Not Classified

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Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xi;R36. F+;R12. R67.

Physicochemical

Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. The product is extremely flammable and may ignite in the air at normal temperature and pressure. Explosive vapour/air mixtures may be spontaneously formed. When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the aerosol vapours can be ignited.

2.2. Label elements**Pictogram****Signal word**

Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Contains

PROPAN-2-OL

Detergent labelling

< 5% perfumes

Supplementary precautionary statements

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2. Mixtures**

PROPAN-2-OL	30-60%
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7
	REACH registration number: 01-2119457558-25-xxxx
Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	F;R11 Xi;R36 R67
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	

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PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS		20-30%
CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2	REACH registration number: Exempt - Article 2(7)(b)
Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.		
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Gas 1 - H220	F+;R12.	
Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280		
2-BUTOXYETHANOL		2-5%
CAS number: 111-76-2	EC number: 203-905-0	REACH registration number: 01-2119475108-36-xxxx
Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.		
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	Xn;R20/21/22 Xi;R36/38	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
SODIUM NITRITE		0.2-0.5%
CAS number: 7632-00-0	EC number: 231-555-9	REACH registration number: 01-2119471836-27-xxxx
M factor (Acute) = 1		
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Ox. Sol. 3 - H272	O;R8 T;R25 N;R50	
Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Skin contact	Prolonged skin contact may cause redness and irritation.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide or dry powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Cool aerosol containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Fire creates: Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Carbon monoxide (CO). Nitrous gases (NO_x). Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. The product is highly flammable.

Hazardous combustion products Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. Be aware of danger of explosion. Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions For personal protection, see Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible.

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6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Pressurised container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C. Keep container dry. Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 30°C.

Storage class Flammable compressed gas storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 50 ppm 246 mg/m³

Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

PROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 67-63-0)

DNEL

Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 500 mg/m³

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 319 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 89 mg/m³

Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 888 mg/kg/day

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PNEC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fresh water; 140.9 mg/l - Marine water; 140.9 mg/l - Intermittent release; 140.9 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 552 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 552 mg/kg - STP; 2251 mg/l - Soil; 28 mg/kg
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2-BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS: 111-76-2)

Ingredient comments	Due to the hazardous nature of ingredients, exposure should be minimal.
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DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Short term : 89 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 246 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term : 75 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 98 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Short term : 44.5 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Short term : 123 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Short term : 13.4 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 38 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 49 mg/m ³
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PNEC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fresh water; 8.8 mg/l - Marine water; 0.88 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 8.14 mg/kg - Soil; 2.8 mg/kg - STP; 463 mg/l
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SODIUM NITRITE (CAS: 7632-00-0)

Ingredient comments	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).
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DNEL	Professional - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2 mg/m ³
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PNEC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fresh water; 0.0054 mg/l - Marine water; 0.00616 mg/l - Intermittent release; 0.0054 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 0.0195 mg/l - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0223 mg/l - Soil; 0.000733 mg/l
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8.2. Exposure controls**Protective equipment****Appropriate engineering controls**

Avoid inhalation of vapours. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Not relevant.

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Hand protection	No specific hand protection recommended. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Neoprene. Nitrile rubber. Polyethylene. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station. Do not smoke in work area. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Sweetish.
Odour threshold	Not available. Not available.
pH	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Melting point	~ 0°C
Initial boiling point and range	~100°C @ 760 mm Hg
Flash point	< -20°C CC (Closed cup).
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 1.8 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 9.5 %
Vapour pressure	590 - 1760 kPa @ °C
Vapour density	1.5 - 2.1
Relative density	1.000 @ (20°C)°C
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	: 2.3 - 2.8
Auto-ignition temperature	365°C
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.
Comments	Information declared as "Not available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to the implementation of the proper control measures.

9.2. Other information

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Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 462 g/litre.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Avoid the following conditions: Heat, sparks, flames. Shocks and physical damage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Not applicable. Will not polymerise.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Nitrous gases (NO_x).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 15,046.2962963

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 24,553.57142857

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 245.53571429

General information Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.

Inhalation Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.

Skin contact May cause defatting of the skin but is not an irritant.

Eye contact Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.

Acute and chronic health hazards Because of the product's quantity and composition, the health hazard is regarded as low. No specific acute or chronic health impact noted, but this chemical may still have adverse impact on human health, either in general or on certain individuals with pre-existing or latent health problems.

Route of entry Inhalation

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Medical symptoms No specific symptoms noted, but this chemical may still have adverse health impact, either in general or on certain individuals.

Toxicological information on ingredients.**PROPAN-2-OL**

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,840.0

Species Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 16.4

Species Rabbit

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Inhalation Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.

Ingestion No specific health hazards known.

Skin contact No specific health hazards known.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL**Acute toxicity - oral**

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 1,300.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,300.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 2,270.0

Species Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 11.0

(Aerosol) 20 20 Clear**Skin sensitisation**

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation:: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Fertility: - NOAEL 720 mg/kg, , Mouse

Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 100 mg/kg, , Rat

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity The product contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Ecological information on ingredients.**PROPAN-2-OL**

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish Not determined.

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Not determined.

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Not determined.

Acute toxicity - microorganisms Not determined.

Acute toxicity - terrestrial Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.**PROPAN-2-OL**

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: ~ 9640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, >: > 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 72 hours, 72 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

Acute toxicity - microorganisms EC₅₀, >: > 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

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Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: > 100 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours, 48 hours: 1550 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , >: > 100 mg/l,
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC ₅₀ , >: > 1000 mg/l,
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 21 days, 21 days: > 100 mg/l,
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 21 days, 21 days: 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

SODIUM NITRITE**Acute aquatic toxicity**

LE(C)₅₀	0.1 < L(E)C ₅₀ ≤ 1
M factor (Acute)	1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is biodegradable. Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days. The surfactant(s) contained in this product complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them at their direct request, or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

Ecological information on ingredients.**PROPAN-2-OL**

Persistence and degradability	The product is expected to be biodegradable.
Biodegradation	Degradation (%) - 95: 21 days
Biological oxygen demand	~ 1171 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand	~ 2294 g O ₂ /g substance

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable.
Biodegradation	water - Degradation (%) 90.4: 28 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient : 2.3 - 2.8

Ecological information on ingredients.

(Aerosol) 20 20 Clear**PROPAN-2-OL**

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.05

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient : 0.81

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.**PROPAN-2-OL**

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient Soil - Koc: ~ 1.1 @ °C

Henry's law constant 0.00000338 atm m³/mol @ 25°C

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Adsorption/desorption coefficient Soil - Koc: ~ 67 @ °C

Henry's law constant 0.000016 atm m³/mol @ °C

Surface tension 65 mN/m @ °C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.**PROPAN-2-OL**

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not applicable.

(Aerosol) 20 20 Clear**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1. Waste treatment methods**

General information Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Empty aerosols should be recycled where facilities exist. Full or part full aerosols should be disposed of as hazardous waste in accordance with local authority requirements.

Disposal methods Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Packaging: Reuse or recycle products wherever possible.

SECTION 14: Transport information**14.1. UN number**

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1950

UN No. (IMDG) 1950

UN No. (ICAO) 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) AEROSOLS, flammable

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS, flammable

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS, flammable

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

Transport labels**14.4. Packing group**

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended by Decision 2001/118/EC establishing a list of wastes and hazardous waste pursuant to Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste with amendments.
EU legislation	Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Water hazard classification	WGK 2

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

General information	Only trained personnel should use this material. This product has been manufactured under ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 Quality and Environmental Management Systems.
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Issued by	Prepared by Autosmart International Ltd, Lynn Lane, Shenstone, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS14 0DH, Great Britain. www.autosmartinternational.com rbutler@autosmart.co.uk Tel +44 (0)1543 481616
Revision date	24/09/2015
Revision	4
Supersedes date	15/10/2012
SDS status	Approved.
Risk phrases in full	R11 Highly flammable. R12 Extremely flammable. R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R25 Toxic if swallowed. R36 Irritating to eyes. R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R8 Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

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Hazard statements in full

H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated
H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.