



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sentry

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Sentry

Product number 273-1

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Toilet cleaner

Uses advised against This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the Identified uses above. For professional use only.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Autosmart International Ltd
Lynn Lane,
Shenstone, nr Lichfield
Staffordshire. WS14 0DH
England
www.autosmartinternational.com
Tel: +44 (0) 1543 481616 (09:00 - 17:00)
Fax: +44 (0) 1543 481549 (09:00 - 17:00)
info@autosmartinternational.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Mob: +44 (0) 7808 971321 (24hrs)
Tel: +44 (0) 1543 481616 (09:00 - 17:00)
Fax: +44 (0) 1543 481549 (09:00 - 17:00)

If you urgently need medical help or advice but it's not a life-threatening situation, call 111 free from any phone to speak to an NHS adviser. The 24-hour NHS 111 service can give you healthcare advice or direct you to the local service that can help you best.

The NHS 111 service will also be available via the harmonised European number for medical advice 116 117

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

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Pictogram



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	H315 Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statements	P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection. P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
Detergent labelling	< 5% amphoteric surfactants, < 5% anionic surfactants, < 5% perfumes

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE 5<10%		
CAS number: 77-92-9	EC number: 201-069-1	REACH registration number: 01-2119457026-42-XXXX
Classification Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xi;R36.	
Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallow alkylamine 2<3%		
CAS number: 61791-44-4	EC number: 263-177-5	REACH registration number: 01-2119510877-33-xxxx
M factor (Acute) = 1		
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R22. C;R34. N;R50.	

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Quaternary Ammonium Compounds, Benzyl-C8-18-Alkyldimethyl, Chlorides	0.5<0.7%
CAS number: 68424-85-1	EC number: 264-151-6
M factor (Acute) = 1	
Classification Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R21/22. C;R34. N;R50.
Amines, C12-14 - alkyldimethyl, N-oxides.	0.5<0.7%
CAS number: 308062-28-4	EC number: 931-292-6
	REACH registration number: 01-2119490061-47-xxxx
M factor (Acute) = 1	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R22. Xi;R38,R41. N;R50.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin contact	Rinse with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

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Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion May cause irritation.

Skin contact Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions

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Environmental precautions Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Neutralise with alkali. Caution. May generate heat. Following dilution and neutralisation, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from the following materials: Alkalis. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class Acids.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE (CAS: 77-92-9)

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Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallow alkylamine (CAS: 61791-44-4)

Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

DNEL Professional - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.3 mg/kg/day
 Professional - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2.112 mg/m³
 Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.214 mg/kg/day
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.745 mg/m³
 Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.214 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.000214 mg/l
 - Marine water; 0.000021 mg/l
 - STP; 1.5 mg/l
 - Sediment (Freshwater); 0.171 mg/kg
 - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0171 mg/kg
 - Soil; 5 mg/kg

Amines, C12-14 - alkydimethyl, N-oxides. (CAS: 308062-28-4)

Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

DNEL Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day
 Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 15.5 mg/m³
 Workers - Dermal; Long term local effects: 0.27 %
 General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 5.5 mg/kg/day
 General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3.8 mg/m³
 General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.44 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.0335 mg/l
 - Marine water; 0.00335 mg/l
 - Intermittent release; 0.0335 mg/l
 - Sediment (Freshwater); 5.24 mg/kg
 - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.524 mg/kg
 - Soil; 1.02 mg/kg
 - STP; 24 mg/kg

Quaternary Ammonium Compounds, Benzyl-C8-18-Alkyldimethyl, Chlorides (CAS: 68424-85-1)

Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

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Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Blue.
Odour	Pleasant, agreeable.
pH	pH (concentrated solution): ~ 3.0 pH (diluted solution): ~ 3.5 @ 1%
Relative density	~ 1.028 @ (20°C)°C
Viscosity	~ 300 cSt @ 20°C

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 0 g/litre.
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Alkalis. Amines.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 18,181.81818182

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Irritating.

Extreme pH Moderate pH (> 2 and < 11.5).

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

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STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion May cause irritation.

Skin contact Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Route of entry Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 11,700.0

Species Rat

Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallow alkylamine

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 300.0

Species Rat

Amines, C12-14 - alkydimethyl, N-oxides.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 1,064.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,064.0

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

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CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallow alkylamine

Ecotoxicity The product contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Amines, C12-14 - alkydimethyl, N-oxides.

Ecotoxicity The product contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Ecological information on ingredients.

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 440 - 706 mg/l, Freshwater fish

Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallow alkylamine

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ 0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: > 0.1 - 1 mg/l,

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: > 0.1 - 1 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC₅₀, 72 hours: > 0.1 - 1 , Freshwater algae

Amines, C12-14 - alkydimethyl, N-oxides.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ 0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, : 2.67 mg/l,

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, : 3.1 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC₅₀, : 0.143 mg/l, Freshwater algae
NOEC, : 0.067 mg/l, Freshwater algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The surfactant(s) contained in this product complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents.

Ecological information on ingredients.

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE

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Persistence and degradability The product is biodegradable.

Chemical oxygen demand ~ 0.665 g O₂/g substance

Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallow alkylamine

Persistence and degradability The product is biodegradable.

Amines, C12-14 - alkydimethyl, N-oxides.

Persistence and degradability The product is biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Ecological information on ingredients.

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallow alkylamine

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

Amines, C12-14 - alkydimethyl, N-oxides.

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.

Ecological information on ingredients.

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallow alkylamine

Mobility Not considered mobile.

Amines, C12-14 - alkydimethyl, N-oxides.

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallow alkylamine

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Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Amines, C12-14 - alkydimethyl, N-oxides.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC. Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on detergents (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: : Calculation method.
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Issued by	Prepared by Autosmart International Ltd, Lynn Lane, Shenstone, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS14 0DH, Great Britain. www.autosmartinternational.com rbutler@autosmart.co.uk Tel +44 (0)1543 481616
Revision date	02/06/2016
Revision	3
Supersedes date	10/03/2015
SDS number	11402
SDS status	Approved.

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Risk phrases in full

Not classified.
R21/22 Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R22 Harmful if swallowed.
R34 Causes burns.
R36 Irritating to eyes.
R38 Irritating to skin.
R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Hazard statements in full

H290 May be corrosive to metals.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.